**Informed Consent is a basic principle of medical care.** Women deserve to be properly informed of the risks of contraception and all the alternative methods.

Obtaining Informed Consent on	
Contraception: Risks and Alternatives	
Contraception	Fertility Awareness Based
[may also be abortifacient] <sup>1</sup>	Methods (FABMs)
Effectiveness - Typical Use Failure Rates <sup>2</sup>	
Pill/Patch/Vaginal Ring - 7%	DOT <sup>™</sup> Fertility App - 5%
	Natural Cycles - 8%
[Condom - 13%; Diaphragm - 17%]	A large study in India <sup>3</sup> showed <0.2% unintended pregnancy rate.
Risks	
Blood clots, which can cause strokes <sup>4</sup>	
Increased risk of contracting AIDs <sup>5</sup>	No chemicals, no health risks.
Increased risk of <b>cancers</b> Breast <sup>6</sup> , liver <sup>7</sup> , cervical <sup>8</sup> cancer and melanoma <sup>9</sup> Breast cancer in women < 40 has been increasing for 30 yrs. <sup>10</sup>	Many women prefer natural alternatives to using drugs.
Side Effects	
loss of libido, mood changes, weight gain, and headaches. <sup>11</sup>	No chemicals, no side effects.
Effect of Political and Economic Issues	
The media has given only minimal coverage of the multiple studies showing the pill to be dangerous. "Political correctness" is probably a factor. In 2002, the media informed women that a study had shown hormone replacement therapy to be dangerous, and millions of women stopped taking it. Multiple studies have shown the pill to be dangerous, but the media has been silent.	Lack of profit to be made has limited the attention paid to these methods. While church groups support these methods, they are solidly based on science.
Informed consent is also important for abortion, but abortion facilities only sell abortions. Staff may be under pressure to meet a quota. Please refer patients to Option Line – www.optionline.org, or 800-712-HELP. Staff available 24/7, English and Spanish. Can listen or chat online immediately and then refer to a local pregnancy center. Business cards referring to the Option Line are available from Christian Voices for Life. Email Marie@ChristianVoicesforLife.org	
<ol> <li>Larimore WL, Stanford JB. Post-fertilization effects of oral contraceptives and their relationship to informed consent. Arch Fam Med. 2000; 9: 126–133. Cited at <u>https://onemoresoul.com/contraception-abortion/risks-consequences/what-a-woman-should- know-about-birth-control.html</u></li> <li>Contraceptive Technology 20<sup>th</sup> Edition, cited at <u>https://www.dottheapp.com/single-post/2019/05/20/why-real-world- contraceptive-effectiveness-matters</u></li> <li>Ryder RE. "Natural Family Planning": Effective birth control supported by the Catholic Church. BMJ. 1993;307:723-726</li> <li>NEJM 2001; 345:1787-93: For women who have never smoked, do not have diabetes or hypertension, the Pill still doubles the risk of heart attack. Those who smoke have 12 times the risk of heart attack. JAMA July 5, 2000; 284: 72-78: Women on the Pill have over twice the risk for stroke.</li> <li>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome 1999: May 1 21 (1): 51-58.</li> <li><i>Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev</i> 2009;18(4):1157-65</li> <li><i>IARC</i> 2007 Monograph 91. (liver cancer)</li> <li>Lancet 2002; Mar 30; 359(9312):1085-92.</li> <li><u>https://naturalwomanhood.org/the-surprising-link-between-birth-control-and-skin-cancer/</u> This actide a cited cancer back at the islicit.</li> </ol>	
This article cites several articles about studies showing this link. 10. Rebecca H. Johnson, et al. "Incidence of breast cancer with distant involvement among women in the United States, 1976 to	

2009." JAMA. 2013; 309(8):800-805. Available at <u>https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/1656255</u>
11. <u>https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/290196.php</u>